

MULTIMEDIA



UNIVERSITY

STUDENT ID NO

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# MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY

## FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 1, 2019/2020

**PES0024 – ESSENTIAL STATISTICS**  
(All Group)

23 OCTOBER 2019  
9.00 a.m – 11.00 a.m  
( 2 Hours )

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### INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

1. This Question paper consists of 6 pages (excluding cover page) with 4 Questions only.
2. Attempt **ALL FOUR** questions.
3. Please provides your solutions in the Answer Booklet provided.
4. **Formula** is provided at the back of the question paper.
5. **Statistical table** is provided at the back of the question paper.

**Question 1 (25 marks)**

- a. A hospital ambulance service handles 0 to 5 service calls on any given day. The probability distribution for the number of service calls is as follows:

| Number of service calls, X | Probability |
|----------------------------|-------------|
| 0                          | 0.10        |
| 1                          | 0.15        |
| 2                          | 0.20        |
| 3                          | 0.30        |
| 4                          | 0.10        |
| 5                          | 0.15        |

- i. Calculate the expected number of service calls (X). (3 marks)  
ii. What is the standard deviation in the number of service calls? (6 marks)
- b. Consider the following probability density function for a continuous random variable X,
- $$f(x) = \begin{cases} tx & ; \quad 3 \leq x < 5 \\ 0 & ; \quad \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$
- i. Determine the value of  $t$ . (5 marks)  
ii. Find  $P(x \leq 4)$ . (5 marks)  
iii. Compute the mean of random variable X. (6 marks)

**Question 2 (25 marks)**

- a. In a group of  $n$  students, the expected number who wears shoes in class is 3 and the variance is 1.2. Assuming that the number of students who wear shoes follow the binomial distribution.
- i. Find the value of  $n$  and  $p$ , where  $p$  is the probability that a person is wearing shoes when chosen at random. (5 marks)  
ii. Find the probability that less than 2 students in the group wear shoes. (3 marks)
- b. The average candidates attend a job interview in a company is 3 candidates per day
- i. Find the probability that less than 3 candidates have come for interview on a given day. (5 marks)  
ii. Calculate the mean and standard deviation of the daily candidates attend a job interview. (3 marks)

**Continued .....**

- c. According to a survey done by MMU research assistant, MMU foundation students spend on average of 4 hours a day at campus to study. Let the daily study time spent for all MMU foundation students have a standard deviation of 0.2846 hours. Find the probability that the daily study time spent will be
- greater than 4.20 hours. (4 marks)
  - within 0.5 hours of the population mean. (5 marks)

**Question 3 (25 marks)**

- a. The following table gives the monthly salaries (in \$1000) of the six officers of a company.

| Officer | A | B  | C  | D  | E  | F  |
|---------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| Salary  | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 |

- Find the population mean and standard deviation. (6 marks)
  - Construct a sampling distribution of the mean (without replacement) for sample of size  $n = 5$ . (8 marks)
  - Calculate the sampling error. (6 marks)
- b. The heights of a certain population of sugarcane plant follow a normal distribution with mean of 190 cm and a standard deviation of 22 cm. A random sample of 30 plants is chosen, and the mean height is calculated. Find the probability that the sample mean lies between 185 cm and 200 cm. (5 marks)

**Question 4 (25 marks)**

- a. Given the following sample data from a normal population:

|    |   |    |    |
|----|---|----|----|
| 10 | 8 | 12 | 15 |
| 11 | 6 | 5  | 13 |

- What is the point estimate of the population mean? (3 marks)
- What is the point estimate of the population standard deviation? (4 marks)
- What is the margin error associated with the point estimate of the population mean. (3 marks)
- Construct a 95% confidence interval for the population mean. (4 marks)

Continued .....

- b. The manager wants to estimate the average amount a customer spends on lunch from Monday to Friday. A random sample of 115 customers' lunch tabs gave a mean of \$9.74 and a population standard deviation of \$2.93.
- i. Find a 99% confidence interval for the corresponding population mean. (4 marks)
  - ii. Find a 90% confidence interval for the corresponding population mean. (4 marks)
  - iii. State two methods to increase the width of a confidence interval. Which method is a better alternative? (3 marks)

**End of Page.**

**Formula:**

1.

|                                     | <b>Mean</b>                                    | <b>Variance</b>   |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| <b>Discrete Random Variable X</b>   | $\mu = E(X) = \sum xP(x)$                      | $Var(X) = E(X^2) - [E(X)]^2$ where<br>$E(X^2) = \sum x^2 P(x)$                      |
| <b>Continuous Random Variable X</b> | $\mu = E(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} xf(x)dx$ | $Var(X) = E(X^2) - [E(X)]^2$ where<br>$E(X^2) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 f(x)dx$ |

2.

|                             | <b>Formula</b>                             | <b>Mean</b>     | <b>Standard Deviation</b> |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------|---------------------------|
| <b>Binomial Probability</b> | $P(x) = \binom{n}{x} p^x q^{n-x}$          | $\mu = np$      | $\sigma = \sqrt{npq}$     |
| <b>Poisson Probability</b>  | $P(x) = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^x}{x!}$ | $\mu = \lambda$ | $\sigma = \sqrt{\lambda}$ |

3. The  $z$  value for a value of  $x$ :  $z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$

4. The  $z$  value for a value of  $\bar{x}$ :  $z = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu_{\bar{x}}}{\sigma_{\bar{x}}}$

where  $\mu_{\bar{x}} = \mu$  and  $\sigma_{\bar{x}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$

5. Point estimate of  $\mu = \bar{x}$

Margin of error =  $\pm 1.96\sigma_{\bar{x}} = \pm 1.96 \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$  or  $= \pm 1.96s_{\bar{x}} = \pm 1.96 \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$

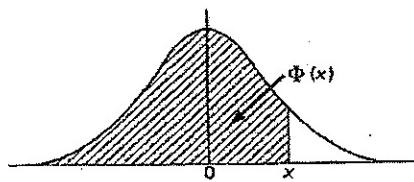
6. The  $(1 - \alpha)100\%$  confidence interval for  $\mu$  is  $\bar{x} \pm z \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$

7. Sample variance:  $s^2 = \frac{\sum x^2 - \frac{(\sum x)^2}{n}}{n-1}$

TABLE 4. THE NORMAL DISTRIBUTION FUNCTION

The function tabulated is  $\Phi(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^x e^{-t^2/2} dt$ .  $\Phi(x)$  is

the probability that a random variable, normally distributed with zero mean and unit variance, will be less than or equal to  $x$ . When  $x < 0$  use  $\Phi(x) = 1 - \Phi(-x)$ , as the normal distribution with zero mean and unit variance is symmetric about zero.



| $x$  | $\Phi(x)$ |
|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|
| 0.00 | 0.5000    | 0.40 | 0.6554    | 0.80 | 0.7881    | 1.20 | 0.8849    | 1.60 | 0.9452    | 2.00 | 0.97725   |
| 0.01 | 0.5040    | 0.41 | 0.6591    | 0.81 | 0.7910    | 1.21 | 0.8869    | 1.61 | 0.9463    | 2.01 | 0.97778   |
| 0.02 | 0.5080    | 0.42 | 0.6628    | 0.82 | 0.7939    | 1.22 | 0.8888    | 1.62 | 0.9474    | 2.02 | 0.97831   |
| 0.03 | 0.5120    | 0.43 | 0.6664    | 0.83 | 0.7967    | 1.23 | 0.8907    | 1.63 | 0.9484    | 2.03 | 0.97882   |
| 0.04 | 0.5160    | 0.44 | 0.6700    | 0.84 | 0.7995    | 1.24 | 0.8925    | 1.64 | 0.9495    | 2.04 | 0.97932   |
| 0.05 | 0.5199    | 0.45 | 0.6736    | 0.85 | 0.8023    | 1.25 | 0.8944    | 1.65 | 0.9505    | 2.05 | 0.97982   |
| 0.06 | 0.5239    | 0.46 | 0.6772    | 0.86 | 0.8051    | 1.26 | 0.8962    | 1.66 | 0.9515    | 2.06 | 0.98030   |
| 0.07 | 0.5279    | 0.47 | 0.6808    | 0.87 | 0.8078    | 1.27 | 0.8980    | 1.67 | 0.9525    | 2.07 | 0.98077   |
| 0.08 | 0.5319    | 0.48 | 0.6844    | 0.88 | 0.8106    | 1.28 | 0.8997    | 1.68 | 0.9535    | 2.08 | 0.98124   |
| 0.09 | 0.5359    | 0.49 | 0.6879    | 0.89 | 0.8133    | 1.29 | 0.9015    | 1.69 | 0.9545    | 2.09 | 0.98169   |
| 0.10 | 0.5398    | 0.50 | 0.6915    | 0.90 | 0.8159    | 1.30 | 0.9032    | 1.70 | 0.9554    | 2.10 | 0.98214   |
| 0.11 | 0.5438    | 0.51 | 0.6950    | 0.91 | 0.8186    | 1.31 | 0.9049    | 1.71 | 0.9564    | 2.11 | 0.98257   |
| 0.12 | 0.5478    | 0.52 | 0.6985    | 0.92 | 0.8212    | 1.32 | 0.9066    | 1.72 | 0.9573    | 2.12 | 0.98300   |
| 0.13 | 0.5517    | 0.53 | 0.7019    | 0.93 | 0.8238    | 1.33 | 0.9082    | 1.73 | 0.9582    | 2.13 | 0.98341   |
| 0.14 | 0.5557    | 0.54 | 0.7054    | 0.94 | 0.8264    | 1.34 | 0.9099    | 1.74 | 0.9591    | 2.14 | 0.98382   |
| 0.15 | 0.5596    | 0.55 | 0.7088    | 0.95 | 0.8289    | 1.35 | 0.9115    | 1.75 | 0.9599    | 2.15 | 0.98422   |
| 0.16 | 0.5636    | 0.56 | 0.7123    | 0.96 | 0.8315    | 1.36 | 0.9131    | 1.76 | 0.9608    | 2.16 | 0.98461   |
| 0.17 | 0.5675    | 0.57 | 0.7157    | 0.97 | 0.8340    | 1.37 | 0.9147    | 1.77 | 0.9616    | 2.17 | 0.98500   |
| 0.18 | 0.5714    | 0.58 | 0.7190    | 0.98 | 0.8365    | 1.38 | 0.9162    | 1.78 | 0.9625    | 2.18 | 0.98537   |
| 0.19 | 0.5753    | 0.59 | 0.7224    | 0.99 | 0.8389    | 1.39 | 0.9177    | 1.79 | 0.9633    | 2.19 | 0.98574   |
| 0.20 | 0.5793    | 0.60 | 0.7257    | 1.00 | 0.8413    | 1.40 | 0.9192    | 1.80 | 0.9641    | 2.20 | 0.98610   |
| 0.21 | 0.5832    | 0.61 | 0.7291    | 0.01 | 0.8438    | 1.41 | 0.9207    | 1.81 | 0.9649    | 2.21 | 0.98645   |
| 0.22 | 0.5871    | 0.62 | 0.7324    | 0.02 | 0.8461    | 1.42 | 0.9222    | 1.82 | 0.9656    | 2.22 | 0.98679   |
| 0.23 | 0.5910    | 0.63 | 0.7357    | 0.03 | 0.8485    | 1.43 | 0.9236    | 1.83 | 0.9664    | 2.23 | 0.98713   |
| 0.24 | 0.5948    | 0.64 | 0.7389    | 0.04 | 0.8508    | 1.44 | 0.9251    | 1.84 | 0.9671    | 2.24 | 0.98745   |
| 0.25 | 0.5987    | 0.65 | 0.7422    | 1.05 | 0.8531    | 1.45 | 0.9265    | 1.85 | 0.9678    | 2.25 | 0.98778   |
| 0.26 | 0.6026    | 0.66 | 0.7454    | 0.06 | 0.8554    | 1.46 | 0.9279    | 1.86 | 0.9686    | 2.26 | 0.98809   |
| 0.27 | 0.6064    | 0.67 | 0.7486    | 0.07 | 0.8577    | 1.47 | 0.9292    | 1.87 | 0.9693    | 2.27 | 0.98840   |
| 0.28 | 0.6103    | 0.68 | 0.7517    | 0.08 | 0.8599    | 1.48 | 0.9306    | 1.88 | 0.9699    | 2.28 | 0.98870   |
| 0.29 | 0.6141    | 0.69 | 0.7549    | 0.09 | 0.8621    | 1.49 | 0.9319    | 1.89 | 0.9706    | 2.29 | 0.98899   |
| 0.30 | 0.6179    | 0.70 | 0.7580    | 1.10 | 0.8643    | 1.50 | 0.9332    | 1.90 | 0.9713    | 2.30 | 0.98928   |
| 0.31 | 0.6217    | 0.71 | 0.7611    | 0.11 | 0.8665    | 1.51 | 0.9345    | 1.91 | 0.9719    | 2.31 | 0.98956   |
| 0.32 | 0.6255    | 0.72 | 0.7642    | 0.12 | 0.8686    | 1.52 | 0.9357    | 1.92 | 0.9726    | 2.32 | 0.98983   |
| 0.33 | 0.6293    | 0.73 | 0.7673    | 0.13 | 0.8708    | 1.53 | 0.9370    | 1.93 | 0.9732    | 2.33 | 0.99010   |
| 0.34 | 0.6331    | 0.74 | 0.7704    | 0.14 | 0.8729    | 1.54 | 0.9382    | 1.94 | 0.9738    | 2.34 | 0.99036   |
| 0.35 | 0.6368    | 0.75 | 0.7734    | 1.15 | 0.8749    | 1.55 | 0.9394    | 1.95 | 0.9744    | 2.35 | 0.99061   |
| 0.36 | 0.6406    | 0.76 | 0.7764    | 0.16 | 0.8770    | 1.56 | 0.9406    | 1.96 | 0.9750    | 2.36 | 0.99086   |
| 0.37 | 0.6443    | 0.77 | 0.7794    | 0.17 | 0.8790    | 1.57 | 0.9418    | 1.97 | 0.9756    | 2.37 | 0.99111   |
| 0.38 | 0.6480    | 0.78 | 0.7823    | 0.18 | 0.8810    | 1.58 | 0.9429    | 1.98 | 0.9761    | 2.38 | 0.99134   |
| 0.39 | 0.6517    | 0.79 | 0.7852    | 0.19 | 0.8830    | 1.59 | 0.9441    | 1.99 | 0.9767    | 2.39 | 0.99158   |
| 0.40 | 0.6554    | 0.80 | 0.7881    | 1.20 | 0.8849    | 1.60 | 0.9452    | 2.00 | 0.9772    | 2.40 | 0.99180   |

TABLE 4. THE NORMAL DISTRIBUTION FUNCTION

| $x$  | $\Phi(x)$ |
|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|
| 2.40 | 0.99180   | 2.55 | 0.99461   | 2.70 | 0.99653   | 2.85 | 0.99781   | 3.00 | 0.99865   | 3.15 | 0.99918   |
| 41   | 0.99202   | 56   | 0.99477   | 71   | 0.99664   | 86   | 0.99788   | 101  | 0.99869   | 116  | 0.99921   |
| 42   | 0.99224   | 57   | 0.99492   | 72   | 0.99674   | 87   | 0.99795   | 102  | 0.99874   | 117  | 0.99924   |
| 43   | 0.99245   | 58   | 0.99506   | 73   | 0.99683   | 88   | 0.99801   | 103  | 0.99878   | 118  | 0.99926   |
| 44   | 0.99266   | 59   | 0.99520   | 74   | 0.99693   | 89   | 0.99807   | 104  | 0.99882   | 119  | 0.99929   |
| 2.45 | 0.99286   | 2.60 | 0.99534   | 2.75 | 0.99702   | 2.90 | 0.99813   | 3.05 | 0.99886   | 3.20 | 0.99931   |
| 46   | 0.99305   | 61   | 0.99547   | 76   | 0.99711   | 91   | 0.99819   | 106  | 0.99889   | 121  | 0.99934   |
| 47   | 0.99324   | 62   | 0.99560   | 77   | 0.99720   | 92   | 0.99825   | 107  | 0.99893   | 122  | 0.99936   |
| 48   | 0.99343   | 63   | 0.99573   | 78   | 0.99728   | 93   | 0.99831   | 108  | 0.99896   | 123  | 0.99938   |
| 49   | 0.99361   | 64   | 0.99585   | 79   | 0.99736   | 94   | 0.99836   | 109  | 0.99900   | 124  | 0.99940   |
| 2.50 | 0.99379   | 2.65 | 0.99598   | 2.80 | 0.99744   | 2.95 | 0.99841   | 3.10 | 0.99903   | 3.25 | 0.99942   |
| 51   | 0.99396   | 66   | 0.99609   | 81   | 0.99752   | 96   | 0.99846   | 111  | 0.99906   | 126  | 0.99944   |
| 52   | 0.99413   | 67   | 0.99621   | 82   | 0.99760   | 97   | 0.99851   | 112  | 0.99910   | 127  | 0.99946   |
| 53   | 0.99430   | 68   | 0.99632   | 83   | 0.99767   | 98   | 0.99856   | 113  | 0.99913   | 128  | 0.99948   |
| 54   | 0.99446   | 69   | 0.99643   | 84   | 0.99774   | 99   | 0.99861   | 114  | 0.99916   | 129  | 0.99950   |
| 2.55 | 0.99461   | 2.70 | 0.99653   | 2.85 | 0.99781   | 3.00 | 0.99865   | 3.15 | 0.99918   | 3.30 | 0.99952   |

The critical table below gives on the left the range of values of  $x$  for which  $\Phi(x)$  takes the value on the right, correct to the last figure given; in critical cases, take the upper of the two values of  $\Phi(x)$  indicated.

|       |        |       |        |       |         |       |         |
|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|---------|-------|---------|
| 3.075 | 0.9990 | 3.263 | 0.9994 | 3.731 | 0.99990 | 3.916 | 0.99995 |
| 3.105 | 0.9991 | 3.320 | 0.9995 | 3.759 | 0.99991 | 3.976 | 0.99996 |
| 3.138 | 0.9991 | 3.389 | 0.9996 | 3.791 | 0.99992 | 4.055 | 0.99997 |
| 3.174 | 0.9992 | 3.480 | 0.9997 | 3.826 | 0.99993 | 4.173 | 0.99998 |
| 3.215 | 0.9993 | 3.615 | 0.9998 | 3.867 | 0.99994 | 4.477 | 0.99999 |
|       | 0.9994 |       | 0.9999 | 3.867 | 0.99995 |       | 1.00000 |

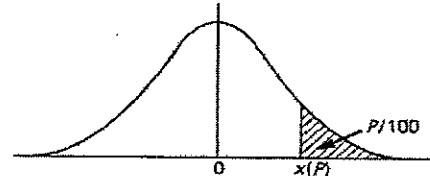
When  $x > 3.3$  the formula  $x - \Phi(x) \approx \frac{e^{-x^2}}{x\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[ 1 - \frac{x}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^4} - \frac{15}{x^6} + \frac{105}{x^8} \right]$  is very accurate, with relative error less than  $945/x^8$ .

TABLE 5. PERCENTAGE POINTS OF THE NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

This table gives percentage points  $x(P)$  defined by the equation

$$\frac{P}{100} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{x(P)} e^{-t^2/2} dt.$$

If  $X$  is a variable, normally distributed with zero mean and unit variance,  $P/100$  is the probability that  $X \geq x(P)$ . The lower  $P$  per cent points are given by symmetry as  $-x(P)$ , and the probability that  $|X| \geq x(P)$  is  $2P/100$ .



| $P$ | $x(P)$ | $P$    | $x(P)$ |
|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|
| 50  | 0.0000 | 5.0 | 1.6449 | 3.0 | 1.8808 | 2.0 | 2.0537 | 1.0 | 2.3263 | 0.10   | 3.0902 |
| 45  | 0.1257 | 4.8 | 1.6646 | 2.9 | 1.8957 | 1.9 | 2.0749 | 0.9 | 2.3656 | 0.09   | 3.1214 |
| 40  | 0.2533 | 4.6 | 1.6849 | 2.8 | 1.9110 | 1.8 | 2.0969 | 0.8 | 2.4089 | 0.08   | 3.1559 |
| 35  | 0.3853 | 4.4 | 1.7060 | 2.7 | 1.9268 | 1.7 | 2.1201 | 0.7 | 2.4573 | 0.07   | 3.1947 |
| 30  | 0.5244 | 4.2 | 1.7279 | 2.6 | 1.9431 | 1.6 | 2.1444 | 0.6 | 2.5121 | 0.06   | 3.2389 |
| 25  | 0.6745 | 4.0 | 1.7507 | 2.5 | 1.9600 | 1.5 | 2.1701 | 0.5 | 2.5758 | 0.05   | 3.2905 |
| 20  | 0.8416 | 3.8 | 1.7744 | 2.4 | 1.9774 | 1.4 | 2.1973 | 0.4 | 2.6521 | 0.04   | 3.7190 |
| 15  | 1.0364 | 3.6 | 1.7991 | 2.3 | 1.9954 | 1.3 | 2.2262 | 0.3 | 2.7478 | 0.005  | 3.8906 |
| 10  | 1.2816 | 3.4 | 1.8250 | 2.2 | 2.0141 | 1.2 | 2.2571 | 0.2 | 2.8782 | 0.001  | 4.2649 |
| 5   | 1.6449 | 3.2 | 1.8522 | 2.1 | 2.0335 | 1.1 | 2.2904 | 0.1 | 3.0902 | 0.0005 | 4.4172 |